#### Dredging, TMDLs and Beneficial Reuse

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San Francisco Bay TMDLS ➢ Mercury - 2007 ➤ PCBs - 2010 > TMDLs under development >North Bay Selenium ≻Bay Beaches > Dioxin/Furans – RMP data collection

## Adopted TMDLs & Dredging

- Water quality attainment strategy
- TMDL to achieve water quality standards
- Allocate loads to source categories
- Dredging net loss of Hg/PCBs from the Bay
- Load allocation = zero

TMDL Implementation Dredging and In-Bay Disposal

Load allocation = zero

Implement via LTMS

Restrictions on in-bay disposal

- $\succ$  Sediment conc.  $\leq$  ambient
- Apply 99<sup>th</sup> percentile of ambient data (10-year average)

Operations shall not cause an increase in Hg bioavailability



# TMDL Implementation Wetlands Creation & Restoration

#### No net increase in Hg or MeHg loads

Requirements in WDRs/401 WQ Certs to manage existing wetlands and ensure newly constructed wetlands are designed to minimize MeHg production and biological uptake

Pre- and post-restoration monitoring



Adaptive Implementation

#### **Beneficial Reuse**



#### Cullinan Ranch Restoration Site

# **Beneficial Reuse Suitability Criteria**

- Clean material for wetland surface < ambient
- Foundation material
  - > Min 3 feet below surface stable conditions
  - > Min 200 feet from future higher order channels
- Flexibility in permits
- Site specific decisions

## Challenges

Ad Hoc decisions
High cost
Limited placement options
Lack of sites accessible by barge

Solution = build-in to project design